

Washington Weekly Post.

NO. 830.

WASHINGTON, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1899.

75 CENTS PER ANNUM

BOTH PARTIES WIN

Honors Are Divided as Result of the Elections.

OHIO STANDS BY PRESIDENT

Nebraska, on the Other Hand, Proves Loyal to Bryan.

MARYLAND IN DEMOCRATIC LINE

Kentucky Still in Dispute, Awaiting More Complete Returns—The Republicans Confidently Claim to Have Carried the State, and Their Majority Can Hardly Be Disputed by the Operation of the Goebel Law—Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, and Iowa Solidly Republican—Minor Results of Local Note.

The results of the elections yesterday may be summarized as follows: Ohio is Republican, Judge George K. Nash being elected governor by 25,000 plurality, with higher figures probable. Nebraska has elected Holcomb, fusion candidate for Supreme Court Judge, by a majority ranging from 10,000 to 20,000.

Kentucky is still in the doubtful column, with the election of Taylor, Republican candidate for governor, indicated by the latest dispatches.

Maryland is overwhelmingly Democratic, John Walter Smith being elected governor by 15,000.

Iowa is Republican by at least 50,000, with Republican gains shown.

Massachusetts gives 65,000 Republican majority, the slight falling off in the Republican vote being without significance.

New Jersey takes its place in the Republican column with a majority that indicates it is permanently lost to the Democrats.

Virginia is, of course, Democratic by a large majority, and Senator Martin will succeed himself in the Senate.

New York is still a Republican State, although Tammany's control of New York City is emphasized by a majority of over 50,000 for its local ticket. Howe, for recorder, was the only candidate defeated, and he was handicapped by charges of corruption.

Pennsylvania is Republican by its usual enormous majority of 175,000.

Mississippi is Democratic by about 50,000.

Other features of the day were the re-election of Maybury, Democratic mayor of Detroit, by 3,500 majority, and of Phelan, Democratic mayor of San Francisco. In Ohio the defeat of Senator Hanna in his home county of Cuyahoga is contrasted strongly with the increased Republican majorities elsewhere in the State. The campaign issue was an endorsement of the President, and the result is a great victory for him, while it indicates that Hanna is personally unpopular at home.

McKinley carried Hamilton County by about 500. The returns at first indicated the possibility of McLean's election, but this was due to the fact that the figures came from the cities, where Nash was out. When the rural districts were heard from, the Republican majorities steadily increased. Jones, the non-partisan candidate, received about 100,000 votes.

The result in Nebraska is a feather in the cap of Bryan, who made strenuous efforts in behalf of the fusion ticket. As a Presidential candidate, his future was in large degree affected by the outcome in his own State.

MR. MCKINLEY AT THE POLLS.

Quickly Put an X on Ballot No. 191 and Handed It to the Judge.

Canton, Ohio, Nov. 7.—President McKinley cast his ballot just as the noon hour struck. He was scheduled to reach the city at 9:15, but his train was an hour and twenty minutes late. With him came Mrs. McKinley, Assistant Secretary Cortelyou, and Dr. Rixey.

Accepting the President's desire for simplicity in exercising the right of franchise, Cantonians organized no demonstration; but when the train steamed in, there were on the station platform nearly all the members of the reception committee of the 1896 campaign, scores of old neighbors, and close friends, together with an immense crowd of citizens. Lusty cheering began as the train appeared, and continued until the party in carriages dismounted. The party went direct to the Barber home, to be the guests of Mrs. McKinley's sister. As soon as greetings were exchanged, the President started for his polling place. The President was escorted by a large force of police. At the Barber steps he encountered an impromptu reception, a him shaking hands with the President. The President walked to the polling place, seven blocks away. Here there were handshakes exchanged, and he was escorted to the polling place, and then handed his ballot to the judge.

President McKinley and party left here for Pennsylvania train No. 20, and will reach Harrisburg about noon Wednesday. He looked after a few business matters, but spent most of the time. Corbin, old friends who called. Gen. Corbin, the route to Washington from the West, so, and after a few hours and joined the Presidential party.

Third Term for Mayor Baker. Providence, R. I., Nov. 7.—The election this city today was a dull one and the vote cast was light. Mayor Baker (Dem.) was elected for the third successive time by a plurality of about 2,000. Last year his plurality was 2,000. All but one of the Democratic candidates on the general ticket were elected.

GOV. SHAW WINS IN IOWA.

His Re-election as Chief Executive Assured by About 50,000.

Special to The Post. Des Moines, Iowa, Nov. 7.—Leslie M. Shaw is re-elected governor of Iowa by a plurality of at least 50,000. Chairman Weaver, of the Republican committee, claims 60,000. Chairman Huffman, of the Democratic committee, concedes 40,000. Enthusiastic managers claim 50,000. Shaw himself claims 60,000. His plurality two years ago was less than 30,000. He runs slightly behind the ticket on account of local conditions, the other candidates on the State ticket running 1,000 ahead of him.

Not only is the State ticket elected, but the Republicans have elected 129 of the 130 new members of the general assembly, which will elect a United States Senator to succeed John H. Gear. Figures are made on the returns up to 11 o'clock. These show that 327 of the 2,000 precincts give Shaw 41,818, and Fred E. White, his opponent, 23,422. This is a net Republican gain of 18 per cent, which will add 32,000 to the Shaw plurality of two years ago. The managers are confident of these figures, because the net gain has been continuous in every precinct. The only losses reported are in the German community in Scott County.

There was a comparatively light vote as compared with '96, but the vote compares favorably with that of 1897, with which all comparisons have been made. The Republicans insist that the result is an endorsement of the national policy in the Philippines and for sound money, the two issues having been made predominant by the Republicans, and the war by the Democrats.

Chairman Weaver said at 10:30 o'clock: "We will have 60,000 at least, and I expect 75,000. We have made unexpected gains in all sections of the State. Shaw has run better with his ticket than was anticipated. We regard the result as a strong endorsement of McKinley. We will have 100 majority on joint ballot in the next general assembly. While the plurality last year was about 60,000, the national issue was money exclusively, and most attention was paid to the State issues. The campaign this year was fought out on the national issues alone."

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MIXED RESULT IN NEW YORK

Democrats Successful in City and Republicans Up the State.

Gains and Losses for the Assembly About a Stand-off—Tammany Rejoices Over the Defeat of Mazet, the Incumbent—The Returns.

New York, Nov. 7.—A. M.—Returns from State and city far received indicate that the Republicans will have a larger majority in the next assembly than in the last, the Democratic gains in this city being offset by losses in the smaller counties. In 112 assembly districts which have reported, including 29 in this city, 75 Republicans and 38 Democrats were elected.

The Republican ticket of 92 assemblies, Democratic and a Republican gain of sixteen seats.

The Democrats suffered grave reverses in Erie County (Buffalo) and Chemung County, the home of ex-Senator David B. Deane. In the city elections up the State the Democratic vote showed a great falling off. Buffalo, Troy, and Albany gave large Republican majorities, a complete overturn. Mayor James B. Maguire (Dem.) is re-elected mayor of Syracuse, a tribute to his personal popularity.

In the four counties of New York City the usual big Democratic majorities were secured, every candidate in every county being elected, except Gray, Democratic candidate for recorder of Kings County, against whom charges of corruption had been made.

Tammany shows no elation over the plurality of 50,000 for its New York County ticket, having expected it. The rejoicing is over the defeat of Assemblyman Robert W. Gray (Rep.) by Percy J. M. Stewart in the Nineteenth Assembly District, which usually is strongly Republican.

Dr. Nelson H. Henry, in the Fifth Assembly District, against whom the labor union movement has been directed, was elected. In the Thirty-fourth Congressional District E. B. Vreeland (Rep.) was elected by an enormous majority, at least 10,000.

Kings County, complete, gives, for register, Howe (Rep.), 2,317; Grace (Dem.), 7,724.

The boroughs of Manhattan and Bronx, for sheriff, give O'Brien (Rep.), 93,539; Grell (Dem.), 129,235.

The boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx give, for justice of the Supreme Court, Barrett (Rep. and Dem.), 129,339; Daly (Rep.), 7,534; O'Gorman (Dem.), 12,734.

The boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx give for surrogate, Varum (Rep.), 83,633; Thomas (Dem.), 133,731.

The Nineteenth assembly district complete gives Mazet (Rep.), 4,271; Stewart (Dem.), 12,734.

The Republicans have gained one assemblyman from Putnam County and two from Erie County. Washington County elects a Republican assemblyman. Warren County elects a Republican assemblyman. Essex County elects a Republican assemblyman. Chenango elects a Republican assemblyman.

Albany County elects Republican assemblyman. In the first, second, and fourth districts, and a Democrat in the third. Saratoga County elects a Republican assemblyman. In the eleven assembly districts which have reported nine Republicans and two Democrats were elected. Cayuga County elects two Republican members of assembly. No change. St. Lawrence County elects two Republican assemblymen. This is no change.

Meager Returns from South Dakota. Sioux Falls, S. D., Nov. 7.—Sioux Falls Argus Leader, basing estimate on reports thus far received from points in South Dakota, claims the election of the Republican nominee for State Supreme Court by 10,000 majority. This is also the estimate of the Republican national committee.

City of Sioux Falls, complete, gives Republican majority 250; net Republican gain, 150.

OHIO GOES FOR NASH

Republican Majority Estimated at 25,000 or More.

JONES' VOTE HURT THE DEMOCRATS

Hanna Badly Wounded in Cuyahoga County, Which Is Conceded to the Golden Rule Apostle—Lucas County in Doubt—Judge Nash Makes Large Gains in Franklin—Early Gains for McLean Subsequently Wiped Out in Favor of Republicans.

Special to The Post. Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 8.—George K. Nash, Republican, will be the next governor of Ohio. The President's State has endorsed the administration with an emphasis not to be misunderstood. In 1897 Bushnell received 21,500 plurality, but Nash will secure a higher figure, and even 50,000 is claimed for him. The Democrats will not concede the State, but the returns are convincing.

McLean has probably carried his own county of Hamilton, although the plurality indicated for him by the earlier returns decreased steadily, until at midnight it was very doubtful whether he would have 500. In Toledo and Cleveland McLean ran third, while the rural districts came squarely, with increased Republican majorities, to the support of the Republican candidate. The latter made an especially fine showing in his home county of Franklin, which he carried by 2,000.

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E. H. Hunter, manager of the campaign of J. H. Gear for the United States Senate, said: "It would surprise me if the plurality climbed up to 80,000 yet. This is equivalent to many more thousands considering the light vote. We will have from 120 to 130 members of the general assembly."

Chairman Weaver said at 10:30 o'clock: "We will have 60,000 at least, and I expect 75,000. We have made unexpected gains in all sections of the State. Shaw has run better with his ticket than was anticipated. We regard the result as a strong endorsement of McKinley. We will have 100 majority on joint ballot in the next general assembly. While the plurality last year was about 60,000, the national issue was money exclusively, and most attention was paid to the State issues. The campaign this year was fought out on the national issues alone."

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GOEBEL SEEMS BEATEN

Late Returns Point to the Election of Taylor.

THE LEGISLATURE IS IN DOUBT

Chairman Blackburn Refuses to Concede Democratic Defeat, and Claims the State by a Small Majority—Large Republican Gains in Louisville, Lexington, Bowling Green, and Other Cities—Returns from the Interior Rather Meager As Yet.

Special to The Post. Louisville, Ky., Nov. 8.—A. M.—According to the latest returns Kentucky has been carried by the Republicans, the plurality for Taylor, for governor, being placed as high as 10,000 by State Chairman Long, while a plurality of 7,000 is conceded by many of the Democratic leaders. Some of the more doubtful, however, are claiming a plurality of 5,000 for Goebel.

It is thought that the Republicans have gained so materially that it leaves the completion of the next legislature in doubt, despite the hold-over senators. The estimated plurality of the most sanguine Democratic leaders is based upon

returns from the interior of the State, which probably will be overcome by the strong Republican counties, many of which are inaccessible to a telegraph or railroad.

At Democratic Headquarters. A bulletin issued at 2 a. m. by the Goebel campaign committee at Frankfort, of which J. C. S. Blackburn is chairman, says: "We have not enough information concerning the State to go into details, but we are confident we have won, though the majority is small."

There are still many missing precincts, but 181 out of 203 in the city of Louisville and Jefferson County gave Taylor a plurality of 3,882. With all the returns in, and the present ratio of Republican gains maintained, Taylor's majority in the city will reach 4,000.

In addition to carrying Louisville for the State ticket the Republicans have elected their city ticket, consisting of councilmen and a judge of the Police Court, by about 4,000 plurality.

At 12:30 a. m. returns from 168 of the 1,883 precincts of the State show Goebel elected forty-one members certain, the Democrats thirty-five, and the anti-Goebel Democrats five. The districts in doubt and not heard from number nineteen, which include Campbell and Kenton Counties and three districts in the city of Louisville. This insures a fusion majority in the house against the Goebel law, and probably a Republican majority.

From the Country Districts. Nearly complete returns from 36 counties and 43 precincts out of 116 in Louisville give Goebel (Dem.) 3,571, Taylor (Rep.) 2,742, Brown 2,240.

Complete returns from Jefferson County, outside Louisville, except four precincts, show Goebel 1,886, Taylor 1,886, Brown, 465. Early returns from Kenton County, Ky., indicate that Goebel carried his home county by 2,500.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 7.—Goebel carries the city of Frankfort by 120 to 200, and Franklin County about 300 majority, a Democratic loss.

Bowling Green, Ky., Nov. 7.—The city of Bowling Green gives Taylor a majority of 235 over Goebel. This is a Republican gain of 125 over McKinley's vote. The Democrats concede the city to Taylor, but claim the county by 300.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 7.—Midnight.—Senator Blackburn and others at Goebel headquarters at midnight admitted the returns from many Democratic counties are disappointing, but claim this is partially offset by private dispatches from the Eleventh District, indicating a falling off in the Republican vote. Blackburn now claims Goebel will win by 5,000. This is a reduction of 25,000, as compared with claims made earlier.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 7.—With six precincts out, three of which will not come in tonight, Goebel's majority in Fayette County is estimated at 300, a Republican gain over Bradley's vote. The Democratic city ticket wins by a small majority.

The Courier-Journal's Statement. Special to The Post. Louisville, Ky., Nov. 8.—Returns up to 3 a. m. show Goebel with 1,771 plurality. Returns are not full. Many Republican counties from the Eleventh District are missing. Many Democratic counties are not fully reported. Taylor carries the Fifth District by 2,727.

COEUR-JOURNAL. MASSACHUSETTS COMPLETE. Republican Plurality About 65,000—Expansion Cut No Figure.

Boston, Nov. 7.—The Republicans carried Massachusetts today by 65,000 votes, electing W. Murray Crane governor. The entire Republican State ticket was elected by practically the same plurality as the head of the ticket, and the legislature of 1900 will be Republican by the usual large majority, there being few changes in either branch. The total vote for governor, with one town missing, was as follows: W. Murray Crane (Rep.), 183,866; Robert Treat Paine, jr. (Dem.), 162,812.

The Senate of 1900 will stand practically the same, 23 Republicans and 7 Democrats, while the house will have about 165 Republicans and 8 Democrats, and the balance divided among Socialists and Prohibitionists.

While the Socialists lost a representative in Haverhill, their candidate for governor lost the Democratic nominees in that city, and in other parts of the State the Socialists' doctrine was given some endorsement.

The expansion question apparently played little part in the election, and Senator Herbert C. Parsons, of Greenfield, where the question was an issue before the people, was defeated. Mr. Parsons ran independently, and was swayed in his campaign by a number of anti-expansionists from this city.

Cruel Sab of Urban Agitators. Haveras, Nov. 7.—El Veterano, the newspaper edited by Alex. Motto, of the Urban Fraternity, of Concord, in an editorial today says: "It is time that the voice of true veterans be heard above the tumult of the vote of 18 Democrats and those who joined the revolution after the war was over."

Secretary Hampton, of the Republican

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